be signed by the teachers of deacons of the church.

## THE BOOK OF MORMON.

Notwithstanding the church of Christ has received the fulness of the gospel from the book of Mormon, and every member as a true disciple of the blessed Savior, studies it as a heaveniy treasure, yet fow, yery fow of our fellow men in the world, know any thing about the merits of this sacred volume. Wo therefore, have concluded to commence its publication in the Star, and shall contlinue from number to number until it is finished.

By this means the world will have an opportunity to read for themselves, and prepare for the great days to come. By this means those who are seeking for truth can find it, and compare the book of Mormon with the bible, and witness the great doings of the Lord in these last days, in bringing forth his everlasting covenant for the gathering of his elect, and the restoration of the tribes, and scattered remnants of Israel from the four quarters of the earth.

We heve agaig inserted the articles and covenants according to our promise in a previous number, for the benfit of our brethren abroad who have not the first number of the first volume. As there were some orrors which had got into them by transcribing, we have since obtained the original copy and made the necessary corrections.

## CHAPTER I.

I, NepH, having been bom of goodly riarents, therefore I was taught eomewhat in all thellearning of my father; and having seen many afflictions in the course of ${ }_{6}$ my daysnevertheless, having been highly favored of the Lord in all my days; yea, having had a great knowledgo of the goodness and the mysteries of God, therefore I mako a record of my proceedings in my days; yea, I make a record in the language of riy father, which consists of the learning of the Jews and the language of the Egyptians. And I know that the record which I inake, to be true; and I make it with mine own hand a and I make it according to my knowledge.
For it eame to pass, in the commencement of the first year of the reigu of Zedekial, king of Judah, (my father Lehi having dwelt at Jerusalem in all his days;) and in that same year there came many prophets, prophesying unto the people, that they must repent, or the great city Jerusalem must be destroyed. Wherefore it came to pass, that my father Lehi, as he went forth, prayed unto the Lord, yea, even with all his heart, in behalf of his people.

And it came to pace, es he prayed unto the Lord, there came a pillar of fire and dwelt upon a rock before him: and he saw and heard much; and because of the things which he saw and heard, he did çuake and tremble exceedingly.

And it came to pass that he returned to his own house at Jerusalem; and be cast himself upon his bed, being overcome with the spirit and the things which he had seen; and being thus overcome with the spirit, he was carried away in a vision, even that he saw the Heavens open; and he thought he saw God sitting upon his throne, surrounded with numberless conceurses of angels in the attitude of singing ond praising thrir Gcd.

And it came to pass that he aaw one descending eut of the midst of heaven, and he beheld that hia listre was above that of the sun at noon-day; and he also saw twelve others following him, and their brightnens did exceed that of the stars in the firmament; and they came down and went forth upon the face of the earth; and the first came and stood before my father, and gave unto him a Book, and bade him that he should read.
And it came to pass that as he read, he wns filled with the spirit of the Lord, and he read, saying, Wo, wo unto Jerusalem! for I have seen thine abominations: yea, and many things did my father read coneerning Jerusa-lem-that it should be destroyed, and the inhabitants thereof, many should perish by the sword, and many should be carricd away captive into Babylon.
And it came to pass that when my father had read and saw many great and marvellous things, he did exclaim many things unto the Lord; stich as, Great and marvellous are thy works, O Lord God Almighty! Thy throne is high in the Heavens, and thy power, and goodness, and mercy is over all the inleabitants of the earth; and because thou art mesciful, thou wilt not suffer those who come unto thee thet they shall perish! And after this manner was the language of my father in the praising of bis God; for his soul did rejoice, and his whole heart was filled, because of the things which he had seen; yea, which the Lord had shewn unto him. And now I, Nephi, do not make a full account of the things which my father hath written, for he hath written many things which he saw in visions and in dreams; and he also hath written many things which he prophesied and spake unto his children, of which I shail not make a full account; but I shall make an account of my proceedings in my days-Behold I make an abridgment of the rceord of my father, upon plates which I have made with mine own hands; wherefore, after that I have abridged the record of my father, then will I make an account of mine own life.

Therefore, I would that ye should know that after the Lord had shewn so many marvellous things unto my father Lehi, yes, concerning the destruction of Jerusalem, behold he went forth among the people, and began to prophesy and to declare unto them concerning the things which he had both seen and heard.

And it came to pass that the Jews did mock him because of the things which he testified of them; for he truly testified of their wiekedness and their abominations; and be testified that the things which he saw and
hearl, and ulso tho thinga which he read in the Book, manifested plainly of the coming of a Messiah, and also the redemption of the world.

And when the Jews heard these things, thoy were engry with him; yee, even as with the prophets of old, whom they had east out and stoned and elain: and they also sought lis life, that they might-tnke it eway. But hehold, 1, Nephi, will shew unto you that the tender mercres of the Lord is over all them whom be bath chosen, because of their faith, to make them mighty even unto the power of deliveratice.

Fur beheld it enme to pass that the Lord spake unto my father, yea, even in a dream, and sayeth unto him, Mlessed art thou Eehi, becanse of the things which than hest done; aad because thou hast been feithful and decland unto this people the thinge which 1 commanded thee, behold they seek to take away thy life.

And it came to pess that the Lord cornmanded my futher, even in a tream, that he slionld take lis family and depart into the wilderness. And it came in pros that he was obedient urite the wotd of the Lord, wherefore he did as the Eord commanded hiru.

And it came to pass that he departed into the wildemess. And he left his louse, and the land of his inheritance, and his gold, and his silver, and his precions things, and took notling with him save it were this family, and provisions, and tents, and be doparted into the wilderness: and he came down by the borders near the shore of the Red Sea; and he travelled in the wilderness, in the borders, which was neurer the Red Sea; and he did travel in the wilderness with his fumily, which consisted of my mother, Sariah, and my elder brothers, which were Laman, Lemuel and Sam.

And it came to pars thint when ho had travelled three days in the wilderness, he pitched his tent in a valley beside z river of water. And it earme to pass that he built an aitar of stones, and he made an offering unto the Lord, and qave thanks unto the Lord our God. And it came to pass that he ealled the name of the river Laman, and it emptied into the Red Sea; and the valley was in the borders near the mouth thereaf.

And when my father saw that the waters of the river emptied info the fountain of the Red S 3, he spike unto Laman, saying: O that thou mightest be like unto this river, continually running into the fountain of all righteousmess. And he also epole unto Lemuel: $O$ that thou mightest be like unto this valley, firm, and steadfast, end immoveable inkeeping the commandments of the Lord. Now this he spake because of the stiffncekness of Lrunan and Lemuel; for bohold, they did murmur in many things against their father, because that he wrs a visionary man, and that ho hed led them oat of the land of Jerusaiem, to leave the land of their inheritanee, and their gold, and their sitver, and their preciots things, and to perish in the wildernoss. And this they said he had done because of the foolish imaginations of his heart. And thus Laman and Lemul, being the ellest, did murmar against their father. And they did murmur because they knew not the dealings of that God who had ereated
them. Neither did they believe that Jerusalem, that great city, could be destroyed aocording to the words of the prophets. And they were like unto the Jews, which were at jerusalem, which sought to take away the life of my fither.

And it came to pass thet my father did speak unto thers in the valley of Lemuel, with power, being filled with the spirit, antil their sranes did shake before him. And he did confound them, that they durst not utfer against hims; wherefore they did do as he commanded them. And my fatler dwelt in a tent.

And it came to pass that I, Nephi, being exceeding young, nevertheices being large if atature, and also having great desires to know of the mysteries of God, wherefore I did cry anto the Loid; and behold he did visit nte, and did softer my heart that I did believe all the words which had been spoken by my father; wherefore I did not rebel against him like unto my brothers. And I epake unto Sam, making known unto him the thinge which the Lord had manifested unto me by his Holy Spirit.
And it came to paes that he believed in my wordse but behold Laman and Lemuel would not hearken unto niy words: And being grieved because of the hardness of their hearts, I cried unto the Lord for them.

And it came to pass that the Lord spake anto me, saying: Blessed art thou, Nephi, because of thy faith, for thou hast sought me diligently, with lowliness of heart. And inasmuch as ye shall trepp my commandments, ye shall prosper, and shall be led to a land of promise, yea, even a land which I have prepared for you, yea, a land which is choice above all other lands. And inasmuch as thy brethren shall rebel against thee, they shall be cut off from the presonce of the Lord. And inusmuch as thou slalt keep my commandments, thou shalt be made a ruler and a teacher orer thy brethren. For behold, in that day that they shall rebel against me, I will curse them even with a sore curse, and they shall have no power over thy seed, ezcept they shall rebel against me elso. And if it so be tiat they rebel against me, they shall be a scourge unto thy seed, to otir them up in the ways of remembrance
And it came to peas that I, Nepli, returned from speaking with the Lord, to the tent of my father. And it came to pass that he spalse uato me, saying: Behold I have dreamad a dream, in the which the Lord hath comminded me that thou and thy brethren shall feturn to Jerusalem. For belrold, Laban hath the recond of the Jews, and also a genealogy of $r y y$ fozefathers, and the, are engraven upon plates of irass. Wher fore the Lord bath commanded me that thou and thy brothers shouli go unto the house of Laban, and seek the records, and bring thom down hither into the wilderaess. And now, behold, thy brotiers marmur, ssying: It is a hard thing which I havergquired of thera; but behold I have not required it of them, but it is a com. mandment of the Lord. Therefore go, my son, and thou shalt be favored of the Lord, because thou hast not murmured.

Ad it came to pass that I. Nephi, said anto my father, 1 will go and do the things which the Lord hath commanded, for I know that the Lord giveth an commandments unto the
children of men, save he shall prepare a way for them that they may accomplish the thing which he commandeth them.
And it came to pass that when my father had heard these words, he was exceeding glad, for he knew I lad been blessed of the Lord. And I, Nephi, and my brethren, took our journey in the wilderness with our tents, to go up to the land of Jerusalem.
And it came to pass that when we had come up to the land of Jerusalem, I and my brethren did consult one with another; and we cast lots which of $u s$ should go in unto the hors ? of Laban. And it came to piss that the lot fell upon Laman; and Laman went in unto the house of Laban, and he talked with him as he sat in his house. And he desired of Laban the racords which were engraven upon the plates of brass, which conthiced the genealogy of my father.

And behold, it came to pass tnat Laban was angry, and thrust him out from his presence; and he would not that he should have the records. Wherefore he said unto him, behold thou art a robber, and I will slay thee. But Laman fled out of his pressnce, and told the things which Laban had done, unto us. And we began to be excesding sorrowful, and my bre hron were about to return unto my father in the wilderness.
[to be continued.]

## THE SECOND COMING OF THE SAV-

## IOR, No. II.

In the fourth number of the Star, the second coming of the Savior was commenced, and we again continue the same subject, for the instruction of these who hope to see him in the flesh. This is one of the greatest subjects that we can write upon in these last days. It is a subject that coneerns all men. For the warning voice has gone forth in these last days, for all men to be prepared for the time when he comes in the elouds of heaven with power and great glory.

Notwithstandirg all, or the most of christendom, pretend to believe, that the Millenium will soen be ushered in and cause a spisitual reign of the Savior over mankind, still, the plain fact, that he will come down in person and reign on earth with the righteous, a thousand years, seems to be as foreign to the minds of those who pretend to believe that the bible is true, except those who believe in the fulness of the gospel, as his birth and ministry were to the Jews.

Now if the church of Christ had no other prophecy than that of Moses, and Peter's words added to it, the disciples would be bound to believe that Jesus Christ would, at some time or other, come on earth, and that all who would not repent and become righteous, would be cut off.

Moses said, The Lord thy God will raise up unto thee a Prophet from the midst of thee, of thy brethren, like unto me; unto him ye shall hearken. Peter said, that Christ should come again, for said he, the heavens must receive him until the times of restitution of all things, \&ec; and that this Jesus was the same of whom Moses spake.

This prophetic language, in connection with what precedes it, is enough to convince any rational man, that the Savior will come again in person, and the wicked be destroy-
ed. For the language is equally as plain that he will come the second time in person, as it was that he would come the first. And all who deny this fact, deny his word. For it is plainly set forth in his word, that he will come again on earth before the last great day of judgment; and all who believe his word, who are acquainted with his Spirit, and who know his voice, know that this is true.

If Peter did not mean that Jesus Christ should be sent again, (for this was after his crucifixion) what did he mean? But he proved his words from the prophecy of Moses, that the lord had come once, and then said that he should come again. The great mistake which the world, or which the Jews made, and which the Gentiles now make, is, in supposing one thing for another, or, thinking that when the word of the Lerd directly says one thing, that it does not mean as it says, but must be applied some other way, or be turned into some other meaning; when they deny that any one can speak moved by the Holy Ghost in these last days, that God does not inspire men now to give revelations, and that his word is infallible, eternal truth, and will never pass away, and yet they will? by their own wisdom, figure a something directly different from the plain, precious, and easy word of God; and say, Listen ye to my precept; for behold, I show unto you a more excellent way. And all have a different precept, and all show a different way, and we ask where are they all going, and where will they all land?

The Jews supposed that when the Messiah came, he would come with power and great glory, and subdue all enemies under his feet. They expected the Savior to come but once: they were disappointed, and fell upon that Rock, and were broken and scattered.

The Gentiles received the Savior spiritually, and they never expect him in person again: When Paul says, And to you, who are troubled, rest with us, when the Lord Jesus shall be revealed from heaven with his mighty angels, in flaming fire, faking vengeance on them that know not God, and obey not the gospel of our Lord Jesus Christ: who shall he punished with everlasting destruction from the presence of the Lord, and from the glozy of his power; when he shall come to be glorified in his saints, and to be admired in all them that believe in that day. And also the Lord said, that he would come in the clouds of heaven.
It is really strange that men blind themselves, and niss the truth; but so it is. The Gentiles are in the same dilemma for the second coming, that the Jews were for the first, and although the Jews fell upon the Rcck and were broken, yet they have the promise of mercy, while those upon whom the Rock shall faHl, will be ground to powder.

Snoch, who walked with God while Zion was upon the earth in the first thousand years, said, the Savior was to come in the meridian of time, and then again in the last days, in the days of wickedness and vengeance, to fulfil the oath which he made unto him concerning the children of Noah.

The day shall come that the earth shall rest, but before that day, the heavens shall be darkened, and a vail of darkness shall cover the earth; and the heavens shall shake, and also the earth, and great tribulations.

